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## INTERNATIONAL GCSE MATHEMATICS

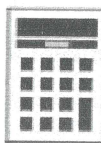
### Extension Tier

Tuesday 23 September 2024

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

#### Materials

- For this paper you must have:
- a pencil and a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the periodic table (enclosed).



#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.  
Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show all your working.

#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- You are expected to use a scientific calculator where appropriate

For Examiner	
Questions	Mark
1	4
2	3
3	3
4	2
5	3
6	4
7	0
8	0
9	4
10	3
11	3
12	0
13	3
14	6
15	5
16	5
17	2
18	6
19	8
Total:	64

**Q1.**

- (a) Write 80% as a decimal.

Answer 0.8

(1)

- (b) Write 0.7 as a fraction.

Answer  $\frac{7}{10}$

(1)

- (c) Write  $\frac{3}{4}$  as a decimal.

Answer 0.75

(1)

- (d) Write 80%, 0.7 and  $\frac{3}{4}$  in order with the smallest first.

0.8   0.7   0.75

$0.7 < 0.75 < 0.8$

Answer 0.7,  $\frac{3}{4}$ , 80%

(1)

(Total 4 marks)

**Q2.**

Work out  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{7}{11}$

Give your answer as a mixed number.

You must show your working.

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{33}{44}$$

$$\frac{7}{11} = \frac{28}{44}$$

$$\frac{33}{44} + \frac{28}{44} = \frac{61}{44} = 1\frac{17}{44}$$

Answer  $1\frac{17}{44}$

(Total 3 marks)

Q3.

- (a) Circle  $\frac{41}{330}$  written as a recurring decimal.

0.124

0.124242424

0.124

0.124

(1)

- (b) Convert  $0.2\dot{1}\dot{6}$  to a fraction in its simplest form.

You must show your working.

Set  $0.2\dot{1}\dot{6}$  as  $x$ .

$$\cancel{x = 0.2} = 0.0\dot{1}\dot{6}$$

0.

$$100x = \cancel{216.16} = 21.6\dot{1}\dot{6}$$

$$100x - x = 21.4$$

$$99x = 21.4$$

$$x = \frac{107}{495}$$

Answer  $\frac{107}{495}$

(3)

(Total 4 marks)

Q4.

Simplify  $\frac{4 \times 2^5}{8^{\frac{1}{3}}}$

Give your answer in the form  $2^k$  where  $k$  is an integer.

You must show your working.

$$\frac{4 \times 2^5}{8^{\frac{1}{3}}} = 2^2 \times 2^5 \times 2^{-1}$$

$$= 2^6$$

$$k = 6$$

Answer

6

(Total 3 marks)

Q5.

By rationalising the denominator, show that  $\frac{21+\sqrt{7}}{3-\sqrt{7}}$  simplifies to  $a+b\sqrt{7}$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

You must show your working.

$$\frac{21+\sqrt{7}}{3-\sqrt{7}} = \frac{(21+\sqrt{7})(3+\sqrt{7})}{(3-\sqrt{7})(3+\sqrt{7})}$$

$$= \frac{(21+\sqrt{7})(3+\sqrt{7})}{9-7}$$

$$= \frac{(70+24\sqrt{7})}{2}$$

$$= 35 + 12\sqrt{7}$$

$$a=35, b=12$$

(Total 3 marks)

Q6.

(a) Write 126 as a product of prime factors.

$$2, 3, 3, 7$$

$$2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 = 126$$

Answer  $2, 3, 3, 7$

(2)

- (b) Work out the Highest Common Factor (HCF) of 72 and 126.

18.

$$72 \div 18 = 4$$

$$126 \div 18 = 7.$$

$$6 \overline{) 72} \quad 1 \overline{) 26}$$

$$3 \overline{) 12}$$

$$2 \overline{) 26}$$

$$4$$

$$7$$

$$HCF = 3 \times 6 = 18.$$

Answer 18

(2)

(Total 4 marks)

Q7.

$\frac{a}{b}$  and  $\frac{b}{c}$  are two proper fractions.

Each fraction is in its simplest form.

The lowest common denominator of the two fractions is 35

The sum of  $\frac{a}{b}$  and  $\frac{b}{c}$  is also a proper fraction.

Work out the value of  $\frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{c}$

1.  $a \cdot b, b \cdot c$   
2.  $b \cdot c = 35 = 5 \times 7$   
∴  $b = 5, c = 7$

$$35 = 1 \times 35 = 5 \times 7$$

$$b = 5 \times \quad c = 7, b = 5$$

$$b = 7 \times \quad \frac{a}{5} + \frac{5}{7}$$

$$c = 5 \times$$

$$c = 7 \times$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

(Total 2 marks)

**Q8.**

How many factors does the number  $2^{20}$  have?

Circle your answer.

20

21

22

40

(Total 1 mark)

**Q9.**

(a) Factorise  $2x^2 - x - 3$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x \quad -3 \\ \times \quad 1 \\ \hline 2x^2 - x - 3 \\ \hline (2x-3)(x+1) \end{array}$$

Answer  $(2x-3)(x+1)$

(2)

(b) Hence, simplify

$$\frac{2x^2 - x - 3}{4x^2 - 9}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2x^2 - x - 3}{4x^2 - 9} &= \frac{(2x-3)(x+1)}{(2x+3)(2x-3)} \\ &= \frac{(x+1)}{(2x+3)} \end{aligned}$$

Answer  $\frac{x+1}{2x+3}$

(2)

(Total 4 marks)



**Q10.**

The expression  $\frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 - bx - 15}$  simplifies to  $\frac{x-3}{x-5}$

Work out the value of  $b$ .

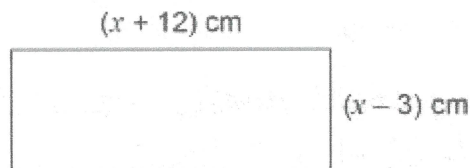
$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - bx - 15 &= x^2 - 5x + 5x - 15 \\ (x^2 - 9) &= (x+3)(x-3) \\ \therefore x^2 - bx - 15 &= (x+3)(x-5) \\ &= x^2 - 2x - 15 \\ \therefore b &= 2. \\ b &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

(Total 3 marks)

**Q11.**

A rectangle has length  $(x + 12)$  cm and width  $(x - 3)$  cm

Not drawn accurately



The length is twice the width.

Work out the value of  $x$ .

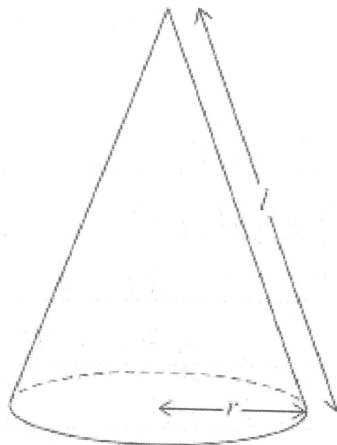
$$\begin{aligned} (x+12) &= 2(x-3) \\ x+12 &= 2x-6 \\ x &= 18 \end{aligned}$$

Answer 18

(Total 3 marks)

**Q12.**

A cone has radius  $r$  and slant height  $l$ .



Total surface area of a cone =  $\pi r(r + l)$

The total surface area of the cone is **exactly**  $152\pi \text{ cm}^2$

The radius of the cone is 4.5 cm to the nearest 0.5 cm

Work out the lower bound of  $l$ .

You **must** show your working.

The lowest possible number of  $r = 4.45$

$$4.45\pi (4.45 + l) = 152\pi$$

$$19.8025\pi + 4.45l\pi = 152\pi$$

$$4.45l\pi = 132.1975\pi \quad l = 29.7074$$

The lower bound of  $l = 29.7074$

$$4.25 \leq r < 4.75$$

$$l = \frac{152}{r} - r$$

$$l = 27$$

Answer 29.7074

cm

(Total 4 marks)



## Q13.

70 biscuits are put into an empty tin.

Each biscuit has a mass of 12 g to the nearest gram.

The total mass of the tin and biscuits is 950 g to the nearest gram.

Work out the upper bound of the mass of the empty tin.

You must show your working.

Lowest possible of each biscuit = 11.5 g.

Highest possible of Total mass = 950.49 g

$70 \times 11.5 = 805 \text{ g}$

$950.49 - 805 = 145.49$

The Upper bound of the mass of the empty tin = 145.49

Answer 145.49 g

(Total 3 mark)

## Q14.

Here are two functions.

$$f(x) = 3x - 1$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 3x + 2$$

(a) Work out an expression for  $f^{-1}(x)$

$$y = 3x - 1$$

$$x = \frac{y + 1}{3}$$

$$-3y = -x - 1$$

$$-y = \frac{-x - 1}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{x + 1}{3}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x + 1}{3}$$

Answer  $\frac{x + 1}{3}$

(2)

- (b) Work out the value of  $g(-3)$

$$g(-3) = 9 - 9 + 2$$

$$g(-3) = 2$$

Answer 2

(1)

- (c) Work out an expression for  $gf(x)$

Simplify your answer.

$$gf(x) = (3x-1)^2 + 3(3x-1) + 2$$

$$gf(x) = 9x^2 - 6x + 1 + 9x - 3 + 2$$

$$gf(x) = 9x^2 + 3x$$

Answer  $9x^2 + 3x$

(3)

(Total 6 marks)

Q15.

Simplify fully  $\frac{9x^2 - 1}{3x^2 + 2x - 1} \div \frac{3x + 1}{x - 2}$

$$\text{Original Sheet} = \frac{(3x+1)(3x-1)}{(3x+1)(x+1)} \times \frac{x-2}{3x+1}$$

$$= \frac{(3x+1)(x-2)}{(x+1)(3x+1)}$$

$$= \frac{x-2}{x+1}$$

Answer  $\frac{x-2}{x+1}$

(Total 5 marks)

**Q17.**

By completing the square, solve  $2x^2 - 20x + c = 0$

Give your answers in surd form in terms of  $c$ .

You **must** show your working.

$$2(x^2 - 10x + \frac{c}{2}) = 0$$

$$x^2 - 10x + \frac{c}{2} = 0$$

$$(x^2 - 10x + 25) - 25 + \frac{c}{2} = 0$$

$$(x - 5)^2 - 25 + \frac{c}{2} = 0$$

Answer  $(x - 5)^2 - 25 + \frac{c}{2} = 0$

(Total 3 marks)

**Q18.**

It is given that  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 16x + 38$

(a) Express  $f(x)$  in the form  $a(x - b)^2 + c$ , where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are positive integers.

$$f(x) = 2(x^2 - 8x + 19)$$

$$f(x) = 2(x^2 - 8x + 16) + 38 - 32$$

$$f(x) = 2(x - 4)^2 + 6$$

Answer  $2(x - 4)^2 + 6$

(3)

**Q16.**

$$f(x) = x^2 - x - 1$$

$$g(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{x} \quad x \neq 0$$

- (a) Write  $f(x)$  in the form  $(x - a)^2 - b$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants.

$$f(x) = (x^2 - x + \frac{1}{4}) - 1 - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$f(x) = (x - \frac{1}{2})^2 - 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{2}, \quad b = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

Answer  $(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 - 1\frac{1}{4}$

(2)

- (b) State the range of  $f(x)$

$$0 < f(x) < \infty \quad -1 \leq f(x) < \infty$$

Answer  $f(x) \geq -1$

(1)

- (c) Work out an expression for  $g^{-1}(x)$

$$g(x) = y = 1 + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$g^{-1}(x) = x = 1 + \frac{1}{y}$$

$$\frac{1}{y} = x - 1$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x-1}$$

$$g^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$$

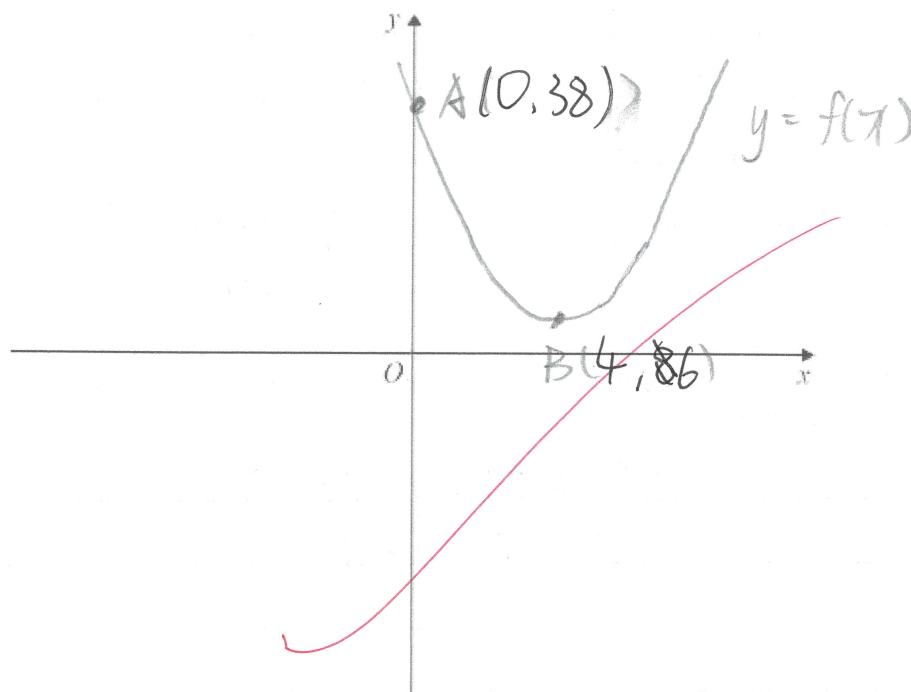
Answer  $\frac{1}{x-1}$

(3)

(Total 6 marks)

- (b) The curve  $C$  with equation  $y = f(x)$  crosses the  $y$ -axis at the point  $A$  and has a vertex at  $B$ .

Sketch the graph of  $C$ , showing the coordinates of  $A$  and  $B$ .



Answer  $A(0, 38)$   $B(4, 6)$

(3)

(Total 6 marks)

Q19.

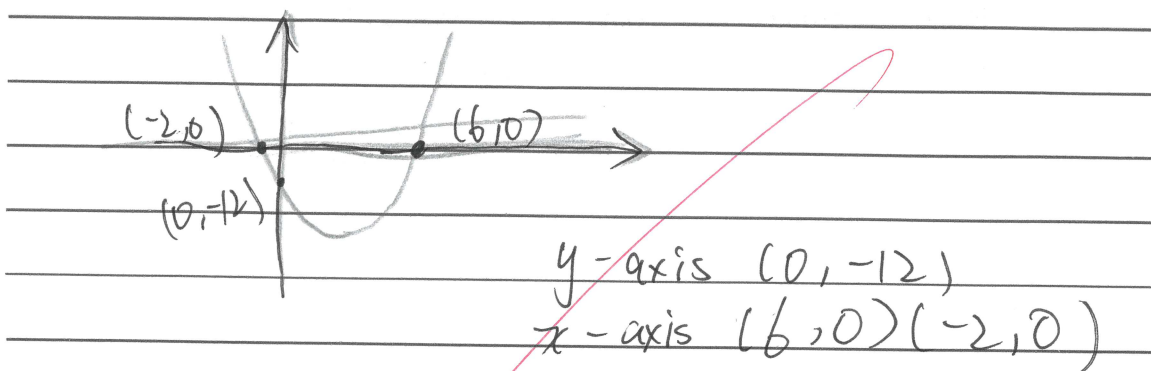
- (a) Factorise  $x^2 - 4x - 12$ .

$$\begin{array}{r} x \quad \times \quad 2 \\ x \quad \times \quad -6 \end{array} \quad (x+2)(x-6)$$

Answer  $(x+2)(x-6)$

(1)

- (b) Sketch the graph with equation  $y = x^2 - 4x - 12$ , stating the values where the curve crosses the coordinate axes.



(4)

- (c) (i) Express  $x^2 - 4x - 12$  in the form  $(x - p)^2 - q$ , where  $p$  and  $q$  are positive integers.

$$(x^2 - 4x + 4) - 4 - 12$$

$$(x - 2)^2 - 16$$

Answer  $(x - 2)^2 - 16$

(2)

- (ii) Hence find the minimum value of  $x^2 - 4x - 12$ .

When  $x = 2$ , has minimum value of  $-16$ .

Answer  $-16$

(1)

(Total 8 marks)